

**Geometry Chapter 2 Review**      **Name:** \_\_\_\_\_

**Directions: Be sure to SHOW ALL WORK!**

Fill in the blank.

1. Vertical angles are \_\_\_\_\_.
2. \_\_\_\_\_ angles equal  $90^\circ$ .
3. Angles that are a linear pair are \_\_\_\_\_.
4. The denial of a statement is a \_\_\_\_\_.
5. \_\_\_\_\_ reasoning is using rules of logic to reach a conclusion.
6. If  $p \rightarrow q$  and  $q \rightarrow r$  are true conditionals, then  $p \rightarrow r$  is also true by law of \_\_\_\_\_.
7. \_\_\_\_\_ lines intersect to create four right angles.
8. The segments  $AB + \underline{\hspace{1cm}} = AC$ .

State whether each conjecture is true or false based on the given information. If false, then give a counterexample.

9. Given: Points P, Q, and R are collinear.  
Conjecture: Q is between P and R.
  
  
  
  
  
  
  
  
  
  
10. Given:  $PQ \perp PR$   
Conjecture:  $\angle RPQ$  is a right angle.

Write the converse, inverse and contrapositive of each statement.

11. Congruent supplementary angles are right angles.

12. If  $m \angle 1 = 42^\circ$  and the  $m \angle 1 = 48^\circ$ , then  $\angle 1$  and  $\angle 2$  are complementary.

Determine if a valid conclusion can be reached. If it can, state it and the law used. If there is not a valid conclusion then write no conclusion.

13. (1) If angles are supplementary then a there measures add up to  $180^\circ$ .  
(2)  $\angle A$  and  $\angle B$  are supplementary

14. (1) If two angles are vertical, then they do not form a linear pair.  
(2) If two angles are vertical, then they are congruent.

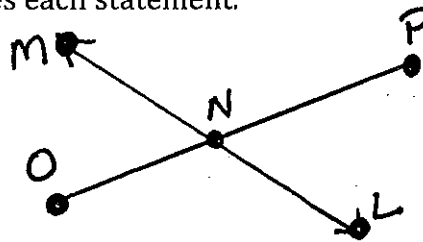
15. (1) If an angle has a measure less than  $90$ , it is acute.  
(2) If an angle is acute, then its supplement is obtuse.

16. Name the property that justifies each statement.

Given:  $MN = PN$

$NL = NO$

Prove:  $ML = PO$



Proof:

Statements

a)  $MN = PN, NL = NO$

b)  $MN + NL = PN + NO$

c)  $ML = MN + NL$   
 $PO = PN + NO$

d)  $ML = PO$

Reasons

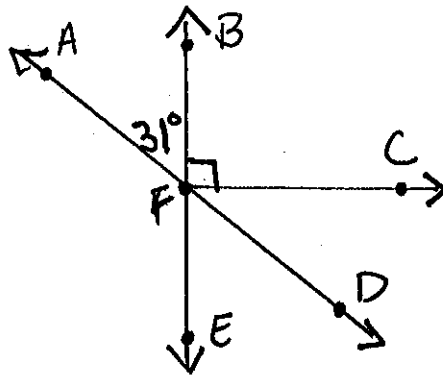
a)

b)

c)

d)

17. Name the measure of each missing angle.



a)  $m\angle EFD =$

b)  $m\angle BFD =$

c)  $m\angle AFE =$

d)  $m\angle AFC =$

Complete each statement with always, sometimes, or never.

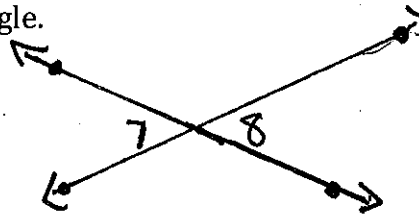
18. If two angles are right angles, they \_\_\_\_\_ are adjacent.

19. IF two angles are complementary, they are \_\_\_\_\_ right angles.

20. Vertical angles are \_\_\_\_\_ adjacent.

Find the measure of each numbered angle.

21.  $m\angle 7 = x$  and  $m\angle 8 = 6x - 290$



22.  $m\angle 1 = 4x$  and  $m\angle 2 = 2x - 6$

